Related Information: What the Student Should Know

Application: What the Student Should Be Able to Do

Section A: Introduction to Engine Principles and Procedures

Unit 1–A: Engine Operating Principles

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2, Basic engine systems and their functions
- 3. Basic diesel engine components
- 4. Basic internal engine components and their functions
- 5. Characteristics of gasoline and diesel engines
- 6. Four-stroke cycle
- 7. Two-stroke cycle
- 8. Characteristics of two-stroke and four-stroke diesel engines

- 9. Identify companion cylinders
- 10. Locate and record engine specifications
- 11. Identify valve and piston position during each stroke
- 12. Locate TDC for #1 piston
- 13. Measure bore and stroke and compute engine displacement

Unit 2–A: Disassembly Procedures and Analysis

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Special engine tools and their functions
- 3. Precision measuring instruments and their functions
- 4. Safety guidelines to following during engine removal and disassembly
- 5. Good housekeeping practices and procedures
- Accessory components and lines that must be pulled (disconnected) before the engine is removed
- 7. Methods for cleaning engine components
- 8. Engine components that require measurement and analysis
- 9. Types of materials used on engine components and their applications
- 10. Types of analyses
- 11. Eight steps of failure analysis
- 12. Normal and abnormal wear
- 13. Common types of mechanical wear and their characteristics
- 14. Root causes of system failures

- 15. Determine required tools for various tasks
- 16. Evaluate worn engine components
- 17. Determine possible causes of engine component failures
- 18. Steam clean an engine
- 19. Remove engine accessories and external lines
- 20. Remove engine and mount on an engine stand
- 21. Engine disassembly: Remove cylinder head
- 22. Engine disassembly: Remove gear train and camshaft
- 23. Engine disassembly: Remove pistons and connecting rods
- 24. Engine disassembly: Remove cylinder liners
- 25. Engine disassembly: Remove crankshaft

Related Information: What the Student Should Know

Application: What the Student Should Be Able to Do

Section B: Engine Systems And Components

Unit 1–B: Lubrication Systems

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Lubrication system components
- 3. Functions of lubrication system components
- 4. Basic types of oil filters and their operations
- 5. Basic oil pump designs and their operation
- 6. Basic oil cooler designs
- 7. Basic oil cooler operation
- 8. Sources of oil contamination
- 9. Lubrication system monitor operation
- 10. API use codes

- 11. Factors to consider when choosing an engine oil
- 12. Service and install oil pump and oil pump drive components
- 13. Service and inspect lubrication system screens and pipes
- 14. Service and inspect oil pressure regulator valve and bypass valve
- 15. Service and inspect oil cooler and lines

Unit 2–B: Cooling Systems

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Common types of cooling systems
- 3. Typical cooling system components for aircooled engines
- 4. Typical cooling system components for liquidcooled engines
- 5. Cooling system operation
- 6. Effects of incorrect temperature regulation
- 7. Common types of radiators
- 8. Types of drives for water pumps
- 9. Parts of a water pump
- 10. Types of drive belts
- 11. Functions of coolant filters, conditioners, and additives
- 12. Types of antifreeze
- 13. Characteristics of a suitable antifreeze
- 14. Purposes of a radiator cap
- 15. Typical radiator cap operation

- 16. Flush, refill, and bleed coolant system
- 17. Inspect water pump, belts, and hoses
- 18. Check operation of fan assembly and controls
- 19. Test operation of thermostat installed in engine
- 20. Test operation of thermostat on the bench
- 21. Check operation and accuracy of temperature indicating system

Related Information: What the Student Should Know

Application: What the Student Should Be Able to Do

Unit 3–B: Cylinder Blocks and Liners

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Types of cylinder block cooling methods
- 3. Types of cylinder block liners (sleeves)
- 4. Characteristics of cylinder liners (sleeves)
- 5. Cause of abnormal sleeve wear

- 6. Pressure test a cylinder block
- 7. Disassemble and clean a cylinder block
- 8. Inspect a cylinder block
- 9. Install new camshaft bushings
- 10. Clean and inspect cylinder bores
- 11. Install cylinder liners and set liner protrusion

Unit 4–B: Crankshafts and Bearings

- 1, Terms and definitions
- 2. Parts of a crankshaft
- 3. Crankshaft throw arrangements
- 4. Crankshaft throw characteristics
- 5. Crankshaft balancing methods
- 6. Crankshaft lubrication
- 7. Characteristics of a good bearing
- 8. Bearing materials and their characteristics
- 9. Parts of main and connecting rod bearings
- 10. Special design features of main bearings
- 11. Types of thrust bearings
- 12. Symptoms of bearing failure
- 13. Types of vibration dampers
- 14. Functions of a flywheel

Unit 5–B: Pistons and Connecting Rods

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Primary components of a piston and connecting rod assembly
- 3. Functions of piston and connecting rod components
- 4. Parts of a piston
- 5. Functions of piston parts
- 6. Common piston designs
- 7. Types of piston crown designs

- 15. Remove, clean, and inspect a crankshaft
- 16. Install main bearings and crankshaft
- 17. Perform an in-frame bearing roll-in
- 18. Inspect viscous vibration damper/harmonic balancer
- 19. Inspect bonded vibration damper/harmonic balancer
- 20. Inspect flywheel

Related Information: What the Student Should Know

Application: What the Student Should Be Able to Do

Unit 5-B: Pistons and Connecting Rods (continued)

- 8. Types of piston rings and their functions
- 9. Common types of piston ring end gaps
- 10. Piston ring designs
- 11. Characteristics of piston ring designs
- 12. Parts of a connecting rod
- 13. Connecting rod parts and their descriptions
- 14. Common causes of abnormal piston wear
- 15. Possible causes of high oil consumption and blow-by

- 16. Remove, disassemble, and inspect a piston and connecting rod assembly
- 17. Measure piston-to-cylinder wall clearance and ring end gap
- 18. Assemble and install piston and connecting rod assembly

Unit 6–B: Camshafts, Trains, and Timing

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Primary parts of a camshaft
- 3. Types of camshafts
- 4. Operation of a camshaft
- 5. Parts of a cam lobe
- 6. Parts of a valve train
- 7. Valve actuation
- 8. Valve timing
- 9. Types of camshaft bushings
- 10. Types of cam followers and lifters
- 11. Methods of driving the camshaft
- 12. Components in a typical gear train
- 13. Gear timing

- 14. Remove, clean, and inspect a camshaft
- 15. Remove, inspect, and install cam bushings
- 16. Install a camshaft and set cam timing

Related Information: What the Student Should Know

Application: What the Student Should Be Able to Do

Unit 7–B: Cylinder Head Assemblies

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Functions of a cylinder head
- 3. Basic differences between basic cylinder head designs
- 4. Parts of a typical valve
- 5. Functions of valve parts
- 6. Basic valve assembly components
- 7. Functions of valve assembly components
- 8. Operation of a valve rotator
- 9. Common cylinder head problems
- 10. Common valve/seat problems

- 11. Locate and label intake and exhaust valves
- 12. Clean and inspect a cylinder head
- 13. Recondition a cylinder head
- 14. Install a cylinder head assembly and adjust valves

Unit 8–B: Air Induction and Exhaust Systems

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Basic air induction components
- 3. Functions of air induction components
- 4. Types of air induction systems
- 5. Main parts of a turbocharger
- 6. Starting aid devices
- 7. Basic exhaust system components
- 8. Functions of exhaust system components
- 9. Operation of an induction and exhaust system
- 10. Diesel engine scavenging
- 11. Exhaust systems
- 12. Parts of a typical catalytic converter
- 13. Operation of a catalytic converter

- 14. Inspect and test air induction system
- 15. Inspect and service turbo/supercharger and related components
- 16. Clean and test jacket water intercooler
- 17. Clean and test air-to-air intercooler
- 18. Inspect and test exhaust system
- 19. Inspect starting preheater controls
- 20. Test starting fluid system and controls

Related Information: What the Student Should Know

Application: What the Student Should Be Able to Do

Unit 9–B: Engine Brakes and Retarders

1. Terms and definitions

2. Common types of engine brakes and retarders

- 3. Advantages of engine brake and retarder systems
- 4. Engine compression brake components
- 5. Functions of engine compression brake components
- 6. Engine operation with the engine compression brake energized
- 7. Exhaust brake components
- 8. Functions of exhaust brake components
- 9. Engine operation with the exhaust brake energized (throttle-off operation)
- 10. Hydraulic engine retarder components (BrakeSaver®)
- 11. Functions of hydraulic engine retarder components
- 12. Engine operation with the hydraulic engine retarder energized
- 13. Electric driveline retarder components
- 14. Functions of electric driveline retarder components
- 15. Engine operation with an electric driveline retarder energized

Section C: Fuel Systems

Unit 1–C: Basic Fuel Systems and Components

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Major functions of fuel systems
- 3. Major parts of a fuel system
- 4. Functions of fuel system parts
- 5. Parts of fuel tanks
- 6. Types of fuel transfer pumps
- 7. Types of primer pumps
- 8. Types of fuel injection systems

- 16. Remove, inspect, install, and adjust a Jacobs Engine Brake
- 17. Check operation of a BrakeSaver®
- 18. Check operation of an exhaust brake
- 19. Remove, clean, and install an exhaust brake
- 20. Check operation of a driveline retarder

Related Information: What the Student Should Know

Application: What the Student Should Be Able to Do

Unit 1-C: Basic Fuel Systems and Components (continued)

- 9. Methods of injecting fuel
- 10. Types of controls on fuel systems
- 11. Types of fuel lines and their functions
- 12. Types of fuel filters
- 13. Types of governors
- 14. Classes of governors
- 15. Operation of the mechanical governor
- 16. Common maintenance problems on fuel systems
- 17. Factors that affect fuel consumption

Unit 2-C: Mechanical Fuel Injection Diagnosis and Repair

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Parts of injection nozzles
- 3. Types of nozzle valves
- 4. Operation of an injection nozzle
- 5. Parts of mechanical unit injectors
- 6. Fuel flow through the unit injector
- 7. Optional features on fuel injection pumps
- 8. Main parts of a distributor-type injection pump
- 9. Functions of main parts of a distributor-type injection pump
- 10. Operation of distributor-type injection pumps
- 11. Fuel flow through distributor-type injection pumps
- 12. Main parts of an in-line injection pump
- 13. Functions of main parts of an in-line injection pump
- 14. Operation of an in-line injection pump

15. Parts and design features of a pumping element

- 16. Operation of control rack and sleeve
- 17. Plunger and rack positions
- 18. Types of PT injection pumps
- 19. Main parts of a PT injection pump

- 18. Trace fuel flow through basic fuel systems
- 19. Check fuel level, quality, and consumption
- 20. Inspect and service basic fuel supply components

Related Information: What the Student Should Know

Application: What the Student Should Be Able to Do

Unit 2–C: Mechanical Fuel Injection Diagnosis and Repair (continued)

- 20. Functions of the main parts of a PT injection pump
- 21. Operation of a PT injection pump
- 22. Types of PT injectors
- 23. Operation of PT injectors

- 24. Isolate, remove, test, rebuild or replace, and reinstall injection nozzles
- 25. Isolate, remove, test, and reinstall or replace mechanical unit injectors
- 26. Inspect, test, adjust, and time a distributor-type (rotary) injection pump; determine needed repairs
- 27. Inspect, test, adjust, and time an in-line injection pump; determine needed repairs
- Inspect, test, and adjust a PT injection pump and time the injectors; determine needed repairs

Unit 3–C: Electronic Fuel Injection Diagnosis and Repair

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Parts of a typical electronic fuel system
- 3. Fuel flow through an electronic fuel system
- 4. Parts of an electronic unit injector
- 5. Advantages of electronic fuel injection over mechanical fuel injection
- 6. Common types of electronic fuel injection systems
- 7. Basic categories of electronic components
- 8. Common electronic sensors
- Common electronic acronyms or abbreviations and their meanings
- 10. Specialty tools and equipment used for electronic diagnosis
- 11. Basic types of diagnostic codes
- 12. Electronic identification message codes

- 13. Inspect and test power and ground circuits and connections; determine needed repairs
- 14. Check diagnostic trouble codes using electronic diagnostic equipment and technical information; determine needed repairs
- 15. Inspect and replace electrical connectors, terminals, seals, and locks
- 16. Access engine parameters; monitor or change as requested by customer
- 17. Remove, inspect, and rebuild or replace a fuel transfer pump
- Remove, inspect, reinstall, and adjust electronic unit injectors; determine needed repairs

Related Information: What the Student Should Know

Application: What the Student Should Be Able to Do

Unit 4–C: Emissions

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Diesel fuel combustion reaction
- 3. Exhaust emissions and their characteristics
- 4. Types of smoke emissions
- 5. Environmental issues affected by emissions
- 6. Federal Clean Air Act
- 7. Tests for emissions
- 8. Efforts to improve emissions
- 9. Alternative/clean fuels
- 10. Methods for reducing noise levels

- 11. Check vehicle for presence and operation of emission control devices
- 12. Check vehicle for fuel type and appropriate application
- 13. Test vehicle for excessive exhaust smoke
- 14. Check vehicle for noise abatement devices

Section D: Engine Diagnosis and Maintenance

Unit 1–D: General Engine Diagnosis

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Steps used in evaluating engine performance
- 3. Benefits of the operator questionnaire
- 4. Major checkpoints in a visual inspection
- 5. Major performance checkpoints
- 6. Performance tests made with the engine on a dynamometer
- 7. Functions of engine computer fault detection
- 8. Engine computer fault code storage
- 9. Engine computer fault code retrieval
- 10. SAE code identifiers

- 11. Conduct an operator survey for engine diagnosis
- 12. Interpret SAE code identifiers
- 13. Check air intake system for restrictions
- 14. Check exhaust back pressure
- 15. Check crankcase pressure
- 16. Check oil pressure
- 17. Load test an engine on a dynamometer
- 18. Locate a misfiring cylinder
- 19. Locate an active fault code

Related Information: What the Student Should Know

Application: What the Student Should Be Able to Do

Unit 2–D: Preventive Maintenance and Tune-Up

- 1. Terms and definitions
- 2. Purposes of preventive maintenance and tune-up
- 3. Locating preventive maintenance charts and information
- 4. Ways of designating preventive maintenance intervals
- 5. Conditions that require severe service maintenance schedules
- 6. Engine areas requiring preventive maintenance
- 7. Preventive maintenance tasks for diesel fuel systems
- 8. Diesel engine tune-up sequence

- 9. Determine maintenance needed for given situations
- 10. Interpret maintenance troubleshooting charts
- 11. Inspect engine coolant level and condition
- 12. Pressure test coolant system and radiator cap
- 13. Take oil sample, and change oil and filter(s)
- 14. Inspect and test indicator system components
- 15. Perform a daily preventive maintenance check
- 16. Perform a mileage preventive maintenance check
- 17. Perform an engine tune-up